## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/51

Paper 5 (Planning, Analysis and Evaluation), maximum raw mark 30

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Question	Sections	Indicative material	
1 (a) (i)	PLAN Problem	States that the moles of copper(II) hydroxide increase as the molar concentration of copper(II) sulfate increases and sketches a line from the origin with an initial positive gradient. Ignore any subsequent plateau or maximum on this line.	[1]
(ii)		A straight line terminating at the point of saturation with marked co-ordinates: award 2 marks.	[1]
		A straight line clearly terminating within the grid but without marked co-ordinates: award 1 mark.	[1]
		A line (not necessarily straight) which does not terminate at the saturation point but with the co-ordinates marked: award 1 mark. This line can plateau after the saturation point.	
(b)	PLAN	(i) concentration of copper(II) sulfate.	[1]
Problem		(ii) moles of copper(II) hydroxide	[1]
(c)	PLAN Method	Indicates at least five experiments. These may be shown in the table in <b>1(e).</b> Five blank rows in the table are acceptable.	[1]
		A range of concentrations over at least 0.8 moldm <sup>-3</sup> , which must cover 1.0 moldm <sup>-3</sup> , up to a maximum of 1.39. Accept a range of mass of copper(II) sulfate (with solution volume) that has been calculated satisfying the same concentration criteria.	[1]
		Filtering/centrifuging	[1]
		Method of drying and weighing the precipitate. Include washing with water (and propanone), (air) drying and weighing (to constant mass). Do not accept direct heating, blotting or a statement that the precipitate is simply left to dry.	[1]
		A suitable calculation of a molarity, even if greater than 1.39 ( $M_r$ of the copper(II) sulfate must be used). Check that the solution is made up to the appropriate volume and not that a mass is added to a fixed volume of water.	[1]
(d)	PLAN Method	Identifies that copper(II) sulfate is harmful/a danger to the environment.	[1]
		Identifies that sodium hydroxide is corrosive (from the hazcard information).	[1]
		Give one mark for a precaution for either hazard of (chemical) resistant gloves or large dilution when disposing of chemicals.	[1]

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(-)	LAN lethod	This table must match the plan in <b>1(c)</b> . Fiv required depending on whether serial dilut the solutions: Either (i) mass of copper(II) sulfate/g or (ii sulfate solution/cm <sup>3</sup> and volume of water/c mass/weight of copper(II) hydroxid concentration of copper(II) sulfate/ number of moles of copper(II) hydr The full word for the unit can be used with Ignore other column headings and units. If Five or Four are fully correct, two marks; one mark; otherwise zero.	ion is used to pre m <sup>3</sup> for serial dilut e/g; mol.dm <sup>-3</sup> ; roxide (no unit). or without / or ().	epare er ions;	[2]

	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Pape	er
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2	(a)	ACE Data	The required two column headings temper and volume, (B + 26), /cm <sup>3</sup> are fully correc unit can be used with or without / or ().	ature, (A + 273), t. The full word fo	/K or the	[1]
			Both columns are fully completed to the co significant figures. Allow 2 errors.	prrect number of		[1]
	(b)	ACE Data	Label the <i>x</i> -axis temperature and the <i>y</i> -axi unambiguous label is acceptable e.g. colu must be present in the accepted forms. Th cover at least half the grid in both direction be on the given grid. If a true origin has be candidate's line is extrapolated back to the be included as a "plotted point" in the asse half the grid in both directions. This mark r plots.	mn label (A). Uni e plotted points r is and all points r en scaled in and ere then the origin essment of coveri	ts must nust the n is to ng	[1]
			Check the plotting of points 1, 3, 8, 10 and	any obvious erro	or.	[1]*
			Give one mark for drawing a 'straight-line on here from incorrectly plotted points).	of best fit' (allow	'ecf'	[1]*
	(c)	ACE Evaluation	Incorrect plots of <b>(i)</b> volume/temp °C and <b>(i)</b> change/temp will still allow these marks to other wrong plots will not. Allow the candidate to select up to five and include that furthest from the line.	be accessed. Ar		
			All the anomalous points are circled on the unambiguously stated in the text.	e grid or		[1]
			For each of the two different anomalies an explanation gains one mark.	appropriate		[2]
			Point 3 (V low). Gas not equilibrated with t temperature, OR volume read before all th <u>increased</u> temperature. OR volume read b <u>increased</u> temperature.	e gas attained th		
			Point 8 (V high). Gas not equilibrated with temperature, OR volume read before all th <u>decreased</u> temperature. OR volume read before all th <u>decreased</u> temperature.	e gas attained th		
			If the candidate suggests that the gas is no anomalous points but does not specify the temperature change to that point, award 1	direction of	r both	

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Page 5		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version		per
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<b>、</b> /	.CE ata	(i) For, two pairs of construction lines on th the line to the axes and for correctly deduc of these two intercepts, give one mark. The indication on the graph of the intercepts us gradient. These could be table points, prov indicated on the graph. If the true origin ha calculating the slope then only one pair of l is necessary.	ing the graph values ere has to be some ed to calculate the rided they are s been used in	[1]*
		A correctly calculated value of the slope us figures. The mark is for the magnitude (ign candidate used the true origin in the slope zeros are not needed in the calculation.	ore units). If the	[1]*
		If the slope expression is inverted, then the lost but the intercept value mark can be ga		
		(ii) For a correctly read intercept at 273K g mark is available for other permitted wrong for a volume change/temp plot 26 cm <sup>3</sup> has read intercept. Allow a calculated volume c line on the graph was extrapolated to the tr be included.	plots as in 2(c), but to be added to the only if the candidates	[1]
<b>x</b> = 7	CE valuation	The data is reliable as most (6 or more) of lie on the line of best fit. Accept few anoma		[1]
		If there are 6 or more points not on the line results are not reliable.	then accept that the	
(f) A	CE	These marks not available for other plots.		
C	Conclusion	For a statement that the 'law' is justified be (direct proportionality) is obtained give one		[1]
		The data confirms the relationship $V = kT$ of directly proportional to absolute temperature showing that V/T is the same for more than are worth 1 mark.	re. Calculations	[1]
(0)	CE Conclusion	A second line on the grid above the origina to have a greater slope (not parallel) and n line unless at the true origin (if used). Again available for the other permitted plots as in	ot touching the original n, this mark is	
		(* is mark available for other plots)		